

Implementing Jackson: reform of 'no win, no fee' claims & related changes - 6th November 2012

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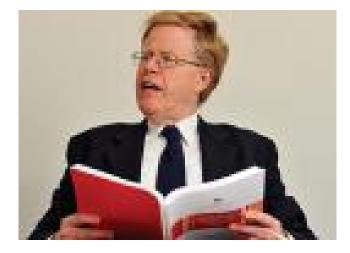
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'In some areas of civil litigation costs are disproportionate and impede access to justice. I therefore propose a coherent package of interlocking reforms, designed to control costs and promote access to justice.'

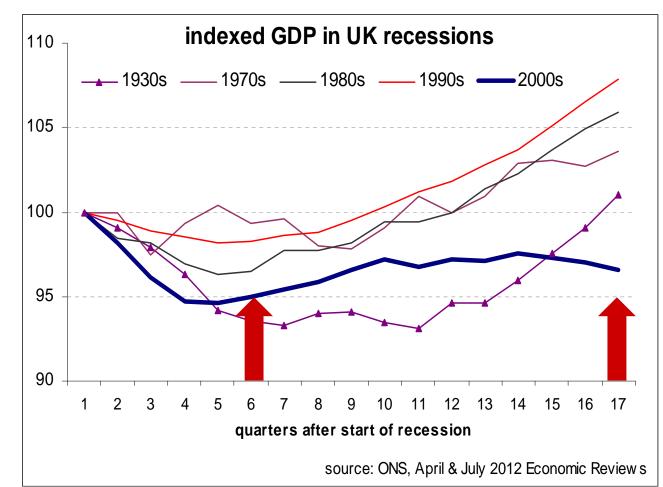


21st December 2009, Sir Rupert Jackson

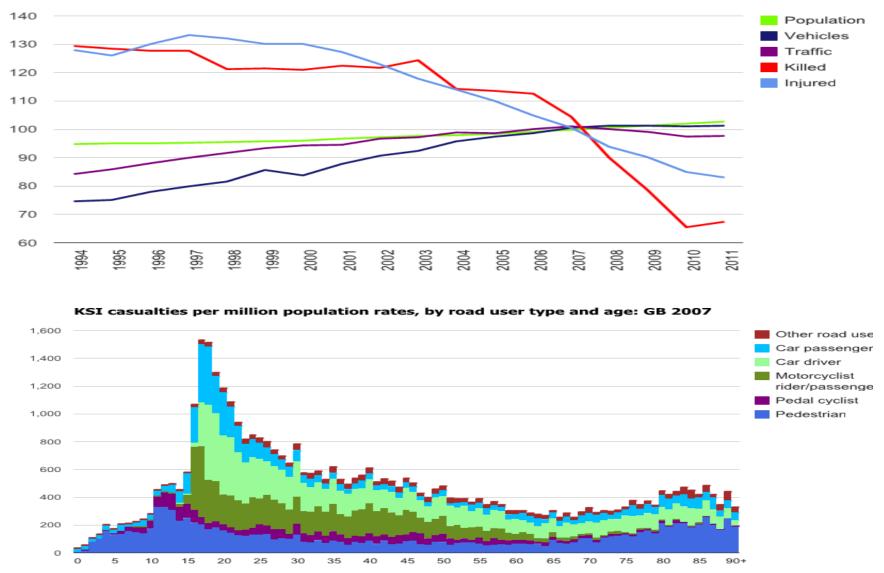
1. Lies, damned lies, and statistics

"The economy has shown no growth over the past year and has recovered less than half the output lost during the recession in 2008 and 2009."

ONS, April 2012



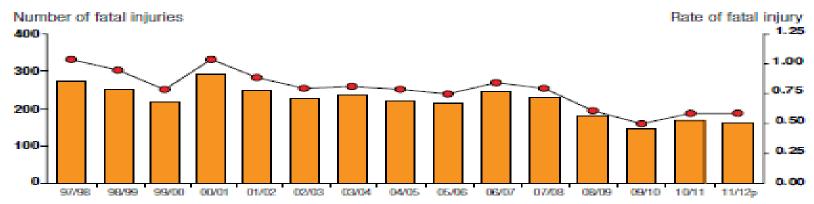




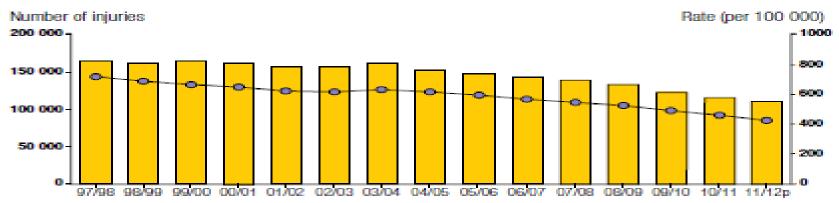
Population, vehicle stock, motor traffic and reported casualties: 1994-2011

source: Dept for Transport "Reported Road Casualties Great Britain: annual report 2011" (27 September 2012)

Number and rate of fatal injuries to workers



Employer-reported non-fatal injuries



source: Health & Safety Executive "Annual Statistics Report 2011/12" (31 October 2012)

"It is, of course, congenial for claimant lawyers to see their clients provided with comprehensive funding and insulated from all risk of adverse costs. It is <u>congenial</u> for both claimant and defendant lawyers to have a constant stream of work passing across their desks. Indeed, it is <u>congenial</u> for judges to know that the claimants who appear before them are not putting their personal assets at risk, whatever the outcome of the individual case. But these undoubted benefits have been achieved at massive cost, especially in cases which are fully contested. That cost is borne by taxpayers, council tax payers, insurance premium payers and by those defendants who have the misfortune to be neither insured nor a large and well resourced organisation."



2. Are you ready for Rupert?

One key restraint on the compensation culture

banning referral fees

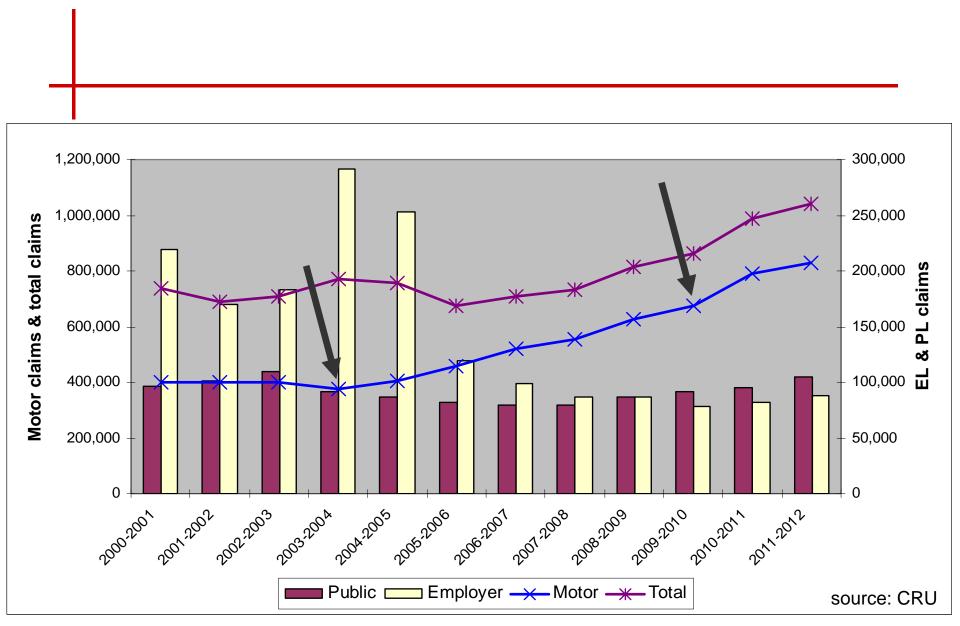


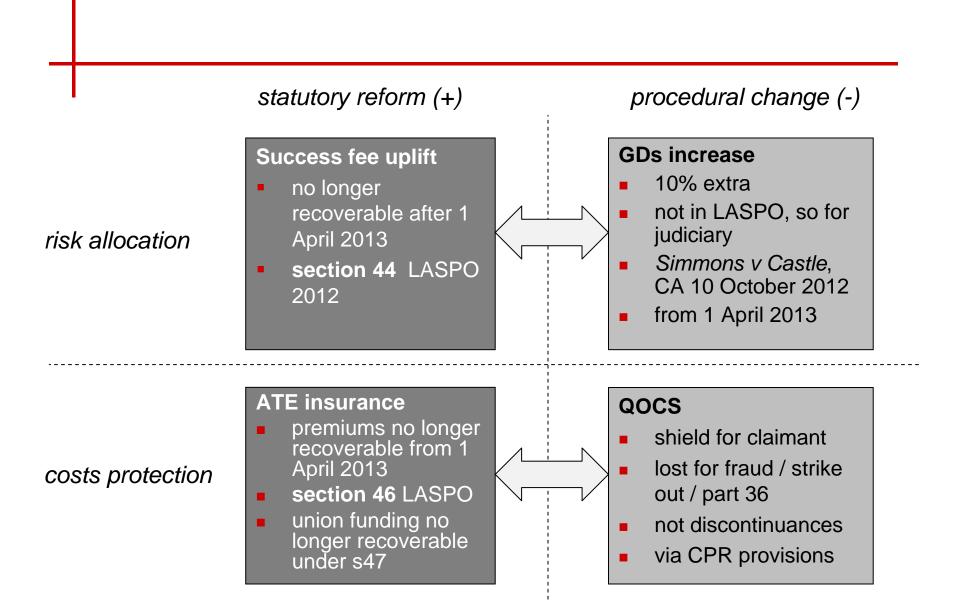
Two sets of balancing structural measures to control claims costs

- success fees vs general damages
- ATE insurance vs Qualified One-way Costs Shifting

Three areas for technical adjustments

- proportionality
- planning (costs budgeting and costs management)
- procedural efficiency i.e. fixed costs in the fast track







Legal Aid, Sentencing and Punishment of Offenders Act 2012

CHAPTER 30

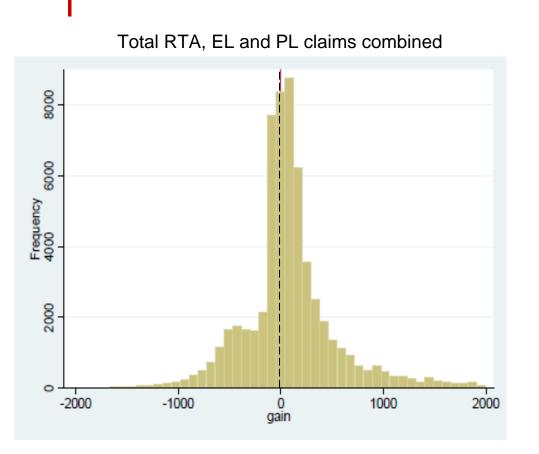
ExplanatoryNetes have been purchased to assist in the undentanding of this Actual are available separately

638.00

Table 1: Expected collective impact of Jackson's proposals

	Motor	Public liability	Employer liability	Overall impact
Defendant insurers-	neutral	pay out	pay out	pay out
overall		less	less	less
Claimants-overall	receive more	neutral	neutral	receive more
Claimant solicitors-	receive	receive	receive	receive
overall	less	less	less	less

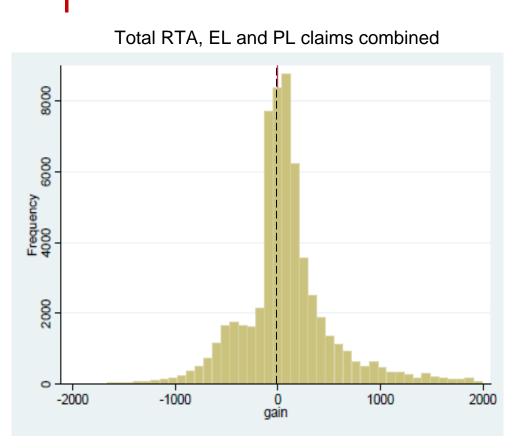
Source: Oxera analysis based on ABI members' data



"Once success fees are deregulated, solicitors will compete on who can charge the lowest success fees, not who can pay the highest referral fees. Thus the beneficiaries of competition will be the injured claimants, rather than claims management companies, BTE insurers or other referrers. There can then be **little doubt that the great majority of claimants will be better off under the forthcoming reforms** than they are under the present arrangements."

Sir Rupert Jackson, February 2012

graphs prepared by Professor Fenn and presented by Jackson LJ in November 2010 & February 2012



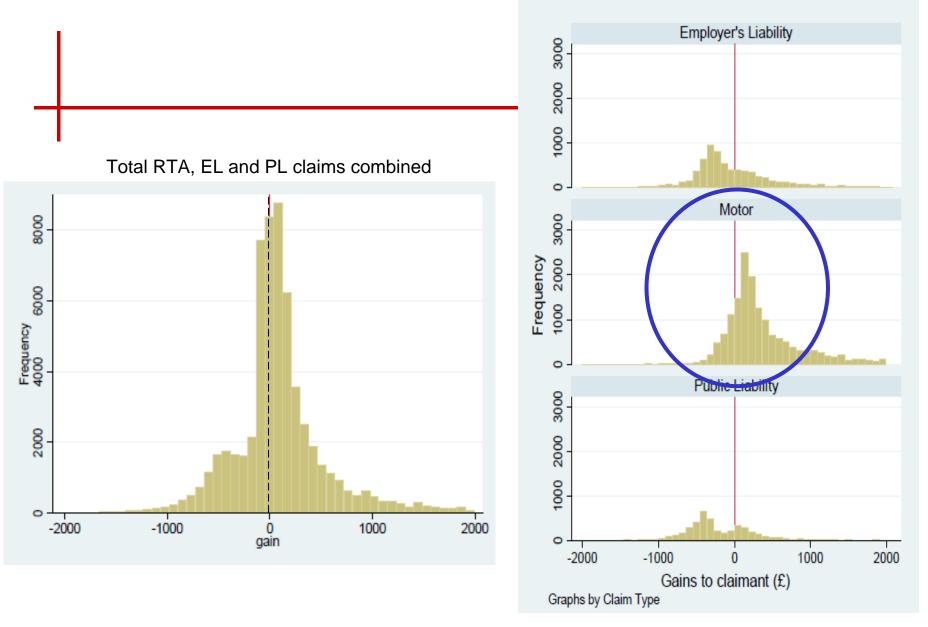
what is the post-Jackson out-turn?

£ [current claims spend]
LESS (success fees + ATE
premiums no longer paid)
PLUS (10% general damages
uplift + QOCS costs foregone)
=?

(all things being equal)

graphs prepared by Professor Fenn and presented by Jackson LJ in November 2010 & February 2012

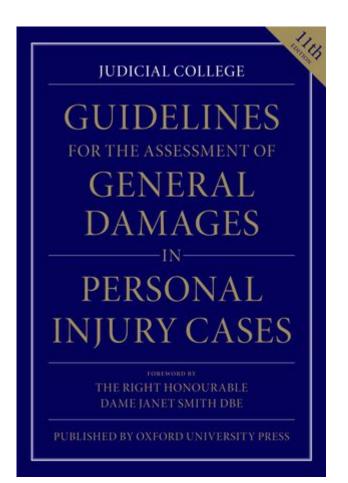




graphs prepared by Professor Fenn and presented by Jackson LJ in November 2010 & February 2012

Jackson is not limited to costs reform – be aware of a trio of 10% damages increases

- 1. <u>general damages</u> Simmons v Castle & the quid pro quo for s44 LASPO
- <u>all monetary damages</u> claimant part 36 offers & s55 LASPO
- 3. <u>inflation</u> JSB / JC edition 11 & 11.1 (and Dame Janet's aside?)



3. Extending the RTA scheme

	4		o J RTA Claim	a Process		re Issue			Post Issue			
	Pre la tac 61,000 £10,000	Pre Issue 0.00-614000	loosed #1,000-#10,000	In und £1,000- £10,000	h suad £1,000 £10,000	Pre issue 61.000-45.000	Pre laue 65.00-610,000	Pro Issue 619,001- 625,000	Is such – Port is sue Pre Allocation	I stand - Post allocation post lating 10	lasterd – Post lå ting pre- tefal	Trial- Advoncy Fee (Plus column II)
	Stage 1 - Notification Inada to Admission of Linbillary	Stage 2 – Linbity al nimit, mol reproblahed	Stage 3 - Sottled pre houring	Stage 3 – Assessment Hearing (paper)	Stage 3 – As sesment Hearing (Omly	Can eS ettles before is sue	Case Settles before I ssae	Case Settles before issue				
Read Traffi	e Accident											
Hard Cat	1400	a, 20	61,430*	£1,430	£1,700 (indufing £20 advocate)	1200 + 20% of Decenges	E1,800 +15% of Damages over E%	#2,550 + 30% of Damages over #10:	£1,800 + 20% of Damages	£2,500 + 20% of Damage	63,250 + 20% of Data ages	£485 (o £3,000) £650 £3-10,000 £1,035 (£10-15,000) £1,630 (£15,000+)
Bage	68	a .	6.6	1.6	6.8.	+ 20%	+ 20%	+ 30%	+ 20%	+ 20%6	+ 20%	66
Succes Fre	123%	12.9%	12359	100494	10099**	12.5%	12,5%	12.5%	12.5%	12.5%	12,5%	100%****
	Liability Accide	ut .										
Ræd Ca t	<u>E6</u>	a.	E	C.6.	64	81,600 + 173% of Decegos	62,475 +12,5% of Densets over 5%	43(100 + 30% of Decengoes over 410;	63,223 + 20% of Decego	43.925 + 25% of Damages	64.825 + 30% of Decessor	6485 (to 63,000) 6690 (t3-10,000) 61,035 (600-15,000) 61,630 (t35,000+)
The cape	F .6		66	66	66	+ 20%	+ 20%	+ 20%	+ 20%	+ 20%	+ 20%	64
Succes For	E.6		E4	66	66	2%	25%	25%	25%	25%	254	1006-***
Public Link	dity Accident			1								
Hard Cat	28		E.6.	EA	E.6.	41,000 + 17,5% of Decayor	82,478 +10% of Data ages over 63k	#2,975 + 30% of Damages over #10;	43,050 + 17,5% of Decego	43,650 + 22,5% of Denago	64,350 + 27,5% of Decrego	6485 (co.03,000) 6690 (d3-10,000) 61,035 (600-15,000) 61,630 (035,000+)
Trape	66	0.	66	66	66	+ 20%	+ 20%	+ 30%	+ 20%	+ 20%	+ 20%	66
Succes Fee	E.6.	0 .	C.0.	C.8.	E.B.	6%	62%	45%	43%	45%	42%	1006-00

TABLE B - FIXED COSTS WITH DISCOUNTS FOR EARLY ADMISSION OF LIABILITY

Notesc

1. If an admission of flability is made within the protocol pariod, £250 will be deducted from the proposal Fixed Costs if the case active projects, and £500 will be deducted if the case (inclust trial)

2. All Hosed Cost figures are cumulative across stages, although payments are made at the end of each stage in the MoJ R TA Chims Process (save children claims).

3. An additional £150 is paid for advice on quantum and £300 for an approval hearing (contested/uncontested/ancontested) at Stage 3 in children's cases in the Mo J RTA Claims Process

4. Defendants' costs are fixed at Stage 3 only in the MoJ RTA Chims Process

5. Base fees - in all cases increased by 12.5% where London firm

6. Success fees - in all non-trial EL cases are 27.5% for membership organisations

Stage 3 costs are only payable where settlement is higher than the defendant's Stage 2 offer.

** Of Stage 3 costs only

*** Of all Base Costs

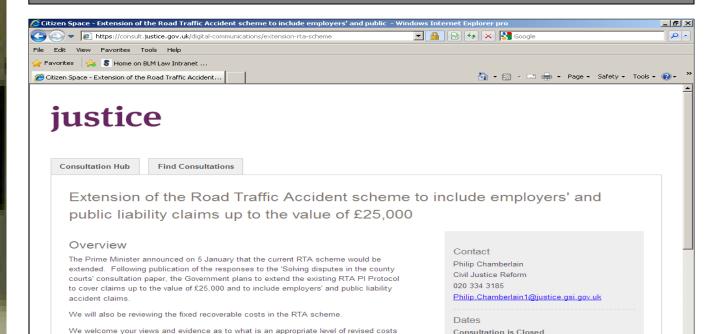
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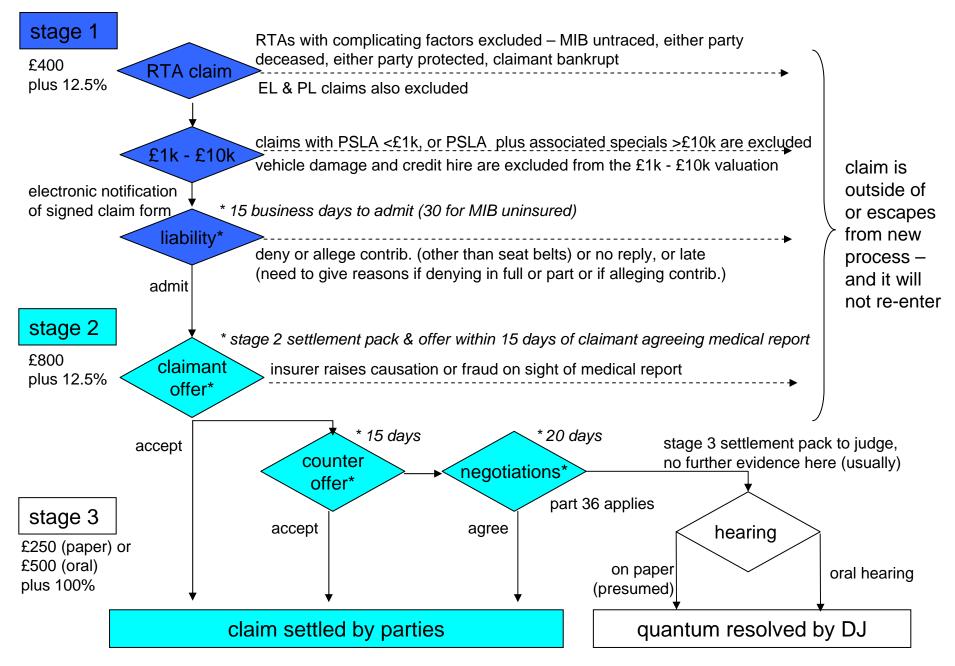
Proposed Flood Costs



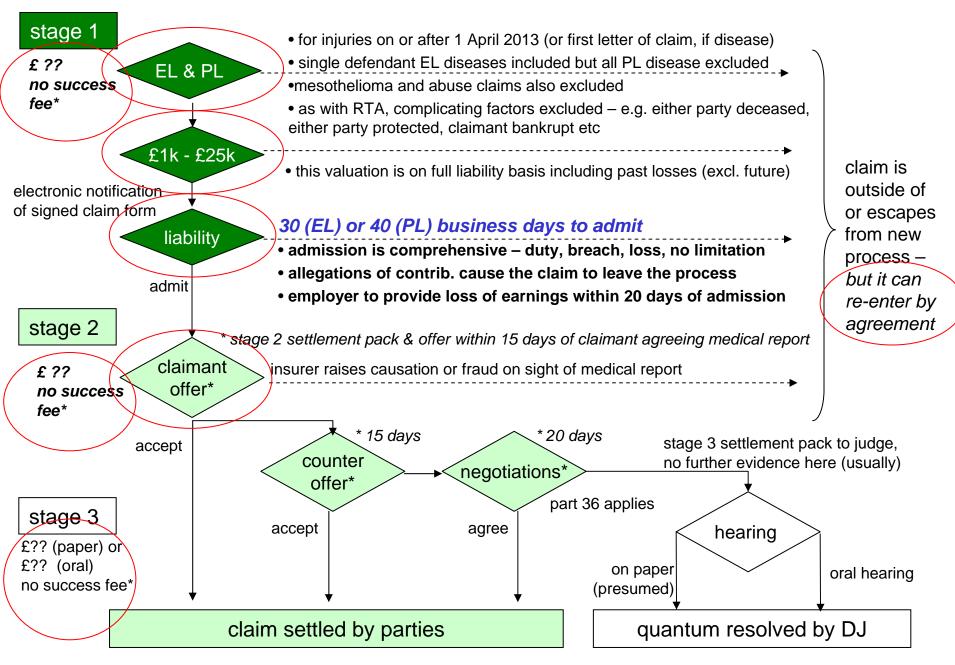
- In Feb, MoJ confirms extension in principle & further consultation to May
- staged fixed costs will be <u>lowered</u> (ban on referrals) but no figures yet
 - details published 22 October second consultation by CPRC for 5 weeks
 - last chance to respond by 23 November 2012
 - all indicators are for **April 2013 implementation** ambitious target?



Key Points of Current CPR Pre-action Protocol for Low Value Motor Injury Claims



Key Points of proposed CPR Pre-action Protocol for Low Value EL & PL Injury Claims



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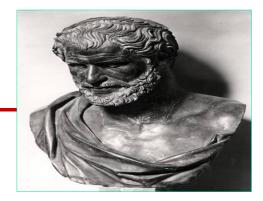
plus: a potential game-changer in DBAs? (s45 LASPO)



in summary

- Jackson is as much about damages as about costs
- a real challenge around access to justice post LASPO
- where is the infrastructure to extend the RTA scheme?
- resources required to thrive in the extended scheme?
- the period up to April 2013 will be "lively"





"Nothing endures but change."

- the **rewards** for making claims are changing
- the processes by which claims are brought to justice are changing
- the organisations which might act in claims are changing
- the drivers for acting for claimants are changing
- the **metrics** of claims are changing
- the **behaviours** for efficient defendant responses are changing
- the **formal rules** are changing, in April, and there are many unknowns

SO ...





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